

**List of suggested exercises, Section 7.4**  
**(plus a small list for review)**  
For the DGD of May 8th and 10th

**(1)** Find the following integrals:

$$\int \frac{x^2}{x+1} dx$$

$$\int \frac{3x^3 - x^2 + 6x - 4}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2)} dx$$

$$\int \frac{4x - 1}{x^2 + x - 2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{6x - 5}{2x + 3} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^2 - 2x - 1}{(x-1)^2(x+1)^2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x - 3}{(x^2 + 2x + 4)^2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(x-1)^2(x+4)} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(x) \cos^2(x)}{5 + \cos^2(x)} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^3} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^3}{x^3 + 1} dx$$

$$\int \frac{4x^2 + 5x + 7}{4x^2 + 4x + 5} dx$$

**(2)** Find the following integrals:

$$\#46 \int \frac{dz}{(4 - z^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\#45 \int \frac{dt}{t^2 \sqrt{1+t^2}}$$

$$\#43 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{9-x^2}} dx$$

**(3)** Show that the following equation holds:

$$\int_{-1}^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{5 + 2x + x^2}} = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sec(w) dw$$

**(4)** Exercise #59:

**(a)** Show that  $\int \frac{1}{\sin^2(x)} dx = -\frac{1}{\tan(x)} + C$ .

**(b)** Calculate  $\int \frac{dy}{y^2 \sqrt{5-y^2}}$

**(5)** From pp. 361–362:

$$\#23 \int x \sqrt{4 - x^2} dx$$

$$\#25 \int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{y})}{\sqrt{y}} dy$$

$$\#126 \int \frac{3x + 1}{x(x^2 - 1)} dx$$

$$\#12 \int \frac{(1 + \ln(x))^2}{x} dx$$

$$\#132 \int \frac{e^x}{e^{2x} - 1} dx$$

$$\#16 \int x \sqrt{1 - x} dx$$

$$\#24 \int \frac{(u + 1)^3}{u^2} du$$

$$\#36 \int \sin(5\theta) \cos(5\theta) d\theta$$

$$\#59 \int \frac{x \cos(\sqrt{x^2 + 1})}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

$$\#61 \int ue^{ku} du$$

$$\#65 \int (e^x + x)^2 dx$$

$$\#40 \int \cos^3(2\theta) \sin(2\theta) d\theta$$

$$\#42 \int \sin^3(x) \cos^3(z) dz$$

$$\#50 \int \frac{\cos(w)}{1 + \sin^2(w)} dw$$

$$\#56 \int \frac{\sin(w)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(w)}} dw$$

$$\#64 \int r(\ln r)^2 dr$$

$$\#110 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 5x^2}} dx$$

$$\#131 \int \frac{\cos(x)}{\sin^3(x) + \sin(x)} dx$$